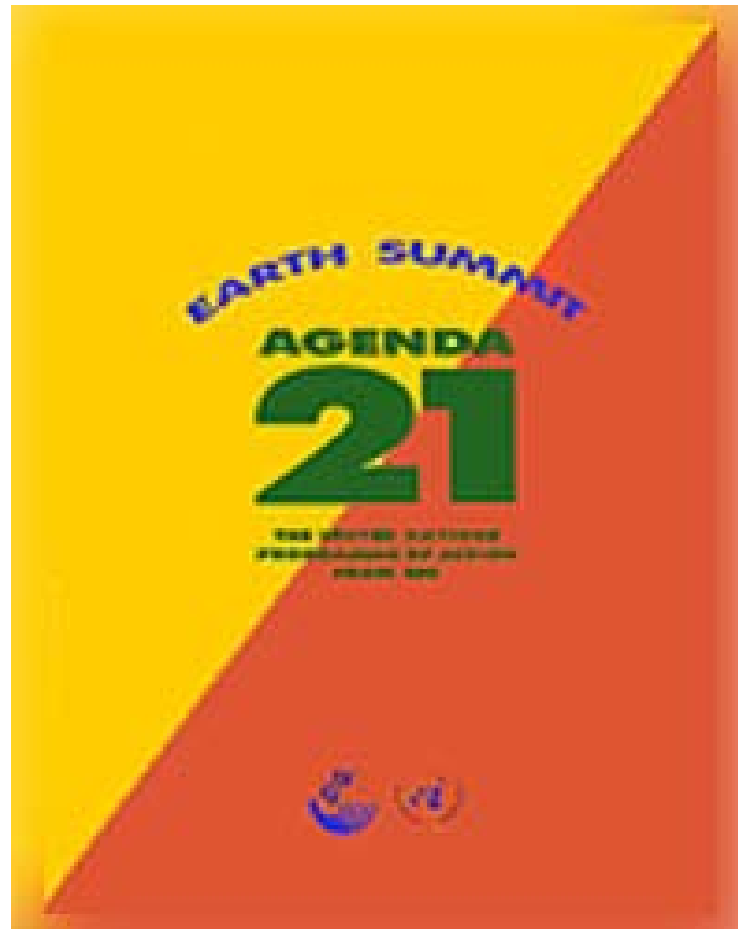


Local Agenda 21 History, Framework & Resources

FCM Sustainable Communities Conference
February 16, 2008

Megan Jamieson, Director, ICLEI-Canada
ICLEI – Local Governments for Sustainability
megan.jamieson@iclei.org
(416) 392-1480

History of LA 21



Sustainable development is development that delivers basic environmental, economic, and social services to all without threatening the viability of the systems upon which these services depend.

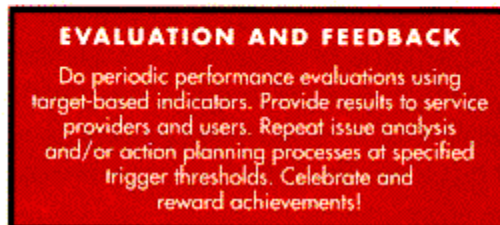
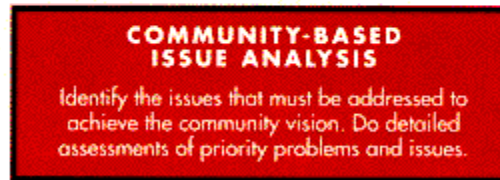
WHO are your partners in service delivery? How will service users participate in planning?

WHAT services do people want?

WHAT is the capacity of existing service systems? Can these systems sustainably meet service demands?

HOW do service systems impact upon other social, economic, and environmental systems?

WHEN and how can sustainable service systems be established?



HOW will action plans be monitored and evaluated?

WHEN will further planning be required?

HOW will partners and users participate in implementation and evaluation?

LA 21 Resources & Cases

- **ICLEI Case Study Series**

- Case Study 28 - Action Planning - Kanagawa Prefecture, Japan
- Case Study 30 - Participatory Regional Development Planning - Cajamarca, Peru
- Case Study 48 - Strategic Management Planning - Cape Town, South Africa
- Case Study 53- Sustainable Tourism through Local Agenda 21 Planning, Calvià, Spain
- Case Study 59 - Renewal of a Sustainable Dev. Action Plan - Hamilton, Canada
- Case Study 62 - New Goiabinha Project - Betim, Brazil
- Case Study 63 - Jinja Incentive Grants Project - Jinja, Uganda
- Case Study 64 - Development of the Biocomuna Olivares - Manizales, Colombia
- Case Study 65 - Paper Recycling and Composting Project - Mutare, Zimbabwe
- Case Study 66 - Water Kiosk Project - Nakuru, Kenya
- Case Study 67 - Pilot Project Preventorio 21 - Niteroi, Brazil
- Case Study 68 - Believe in Belem Novo, It Can Do More - Porto Alegre, Brazil
- Case Study 69 - South Zone Ravine Restoration - Quito, Ecuador
- Case Study 70 - Enviromental Restoration of the Goreangab Dam Area - Windhoek, Namibia
- Case Study 78 - Creating a Framework for Integrated Resource Management in Heidelberg, Germany
- Case Study 79 - Addressing Poverty in Johannesburg, South Africa
- Case Study 80 - Developing a Resilient City in Kobe, Japan
- Case Study 81 - Redesigning Local Government Manizales, Colombia
- Case Study 83 - National Strategy for Local Impact in Norway

- **ICLEI LA 21 Publications**

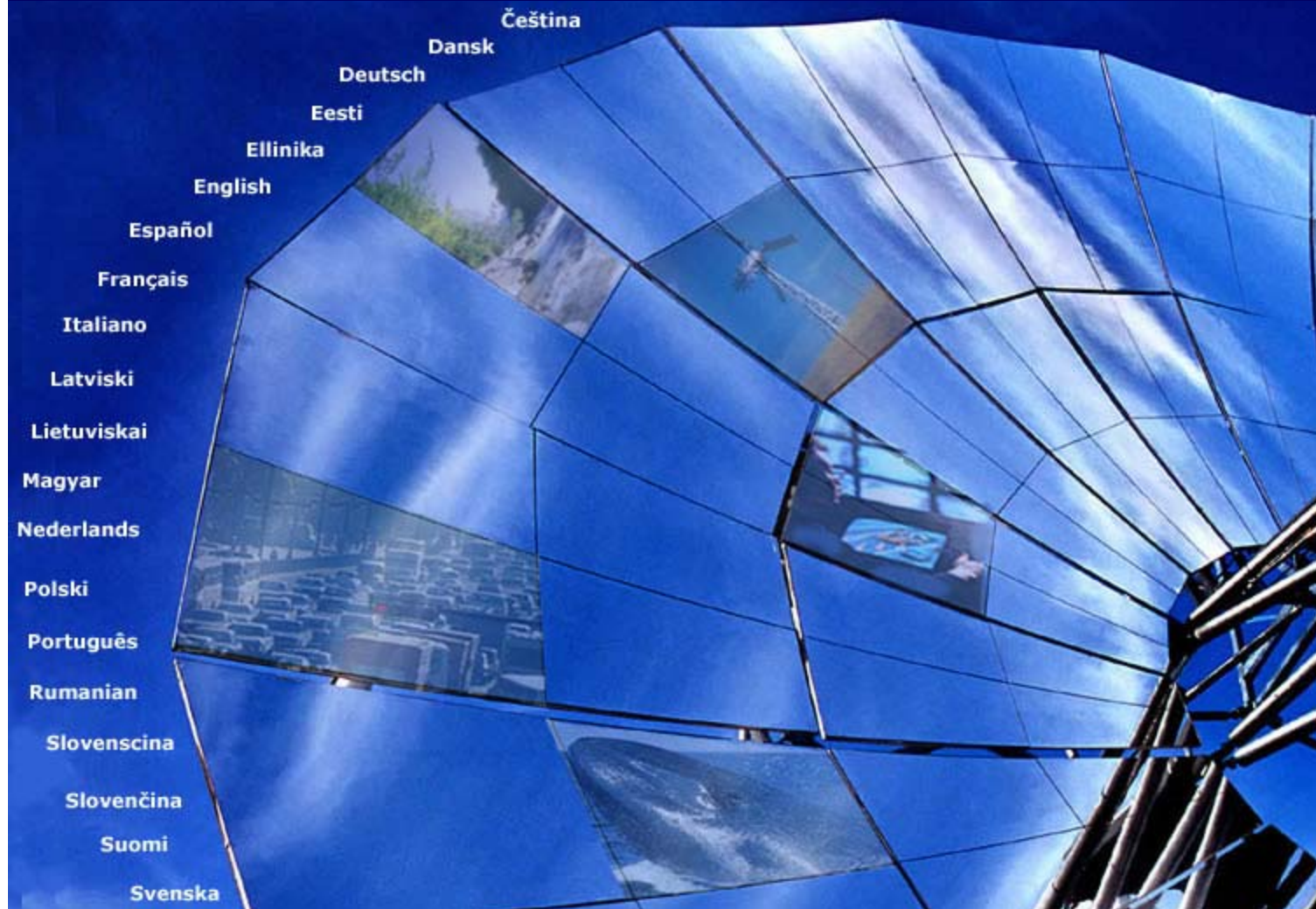
- Local Agenda 21 Planning Guide
- Local Agenda 21 Workshop Modules
- Public Participation in Local Agenda 21: Cases from the Incentive Grants Project
- Local Strategies for Accelerating Sustainability: Case Studies of Local Government Success
- Local Agenda 21 Model Communities Programme Final Report
- Local Authorities Self Assessment of Local Agenda 21 (LASALA)

All available via www.iclei.org/la21



LOCAL EVALUATION 21

Self-Assess your Local Process for Sustainable Development



LA 21 Resources & Cases con't...

PARTNERSHIPS
Establish an organizational structure for planning by service providers and users.
Establish a shared community vision.



COMMUNITY-BASED ISSUE ANALYSIS
Identify the issues that must be addressed to achieve the community vision. Do detailed assessments of priority problems and issues.



ACTION PLANNING
Agree on action goals, set targets and triggers, and create strategies and commitments to achieve these targets.
Formalize into action plan.



IMPLEMENTATION AND MONITORING
Create partnership structures for implementation and internal management systems for municipal compliance.
Monitor activities and changes in services.

EVALUATION AND FEEDBACK
Do periodic performance evaluations using target-based indicators. Provide results to service providers and users. Repeat issue analysis and/or action planning processes at specified trigger thresholds. Celebrate and reward achievements!

